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Dedicated To Backgammon

PETER BENNET

ENGLISH OPEN
CHAMPION
2008

Partouche Casino Security Expose Dice Mechanic at JuneTournament

A backgammon player from the Republic of Georgia has allegedly been caught red-handed while playing with rigged dice at a PartoucheGammon Tour event being held at Casino Forges-les-Eaux (France - Stop 6) this past Sunday, June 22, 2008.

The player in question is Badri Tsertsvadze of Georgia who was apprehended by the security team of the casino. Tsertsvadze was purportedly using rigged dice in the playing room of the tournament during the final day of the PGT competition.

A subsequent police investigation indicated that the dice he was using had been expertly altered - the 2s on the dice had been changed to 5s. Tsertsvadze was charged with attempted fraud in the local jurisdiction and must appear before a judge at the Dieppe Court in Normandy on December 4, 2008.

Main (39)

Edward O'laughlin (USA)

2 Kakhaber Natchkebia (Geo)

3/4 Guil Drai (Fra)

3/4 Giorgio Castellano (Ita)

Olivier Croisille (Fra)

Jean Philippe Rohr (Fra)

3/4 Raj Jansari (Eng)

3/4 Volker Sonnabend (Ger)

Last Chance

Athanasios Lagopatis (Ger)

2 Serge Dahan (Fra)

Ladies Prize: Cécile Wolf (Fra)

Fair Play Prize: Richard Saint Pierre (Fra)

Double Consultation: 4 Teams

Winners: Franck Stepler (Fra) & Serge Dahan (Fra) Finalists: Fernando Braconi (Ita) & Fabrizio Losurdo (Ita)

Warm Up: 28 Players Winner: Louisa Sequeira (Por)

Blitz: 16 Players

Winner: Fabrizio Losurdo (Ita)



It is suspected that Tsertsvadze may have been utilizing rigged dice at a number of different Backgammon tournaments for about a year or so, including first place at the Enghien les Bains Open, and another substantial prize in that same event.

PartoucheGammon communicates that "Rules and controls shall be reinforced in the PartoucheGammon Tour's live tournaments" and that any such amendments to the rules will be published soon.

Partouche Director Eric Guedj has also begun to communicate with a number of other prominent international tournament directors since Sunday seeking a comprehensive agreement in proposing and enforcing more ample live event procedures as well as the implementation of new security controls.

Eric Guedj further remarked that, "Backgammon players have the right to a fair and honest game and this abuse is shameful. Partouche will vigorously continue to protect the players from this and any other type of cheating, and discourage roque players from coming to Partouche events and casinos; they must know that no one can come and cheat in our games! And they now are fully aware of the legal consequences. This is a serious issue and it damages the concept, as well as the spirit of live backgammon play."

The Partouche Group is renowned for the efficiency of its security system and have caught people cheating in a variety of games in the past.



Partouche Director Eric Guedj adds, "This recent affair is a wake-up call for Tournament Directors everywhere. We need to sit down together, and together carry out the groundwork to create a competent, legitimate and respected Backgammon authority - one that will lay down the foundation to standardize tournament rules and procedures. This is good for our game, everywhere, and I cannot see Backgammon progressing without such an authority."

How Good Is Your Backgammon?

Asks Michael Crane & Snowie

This article is based on the 1981 2nd Holiday Tournament, Las Vegas, between Kent Goulding and Mike Maxakuli. In this series I have slightly changed the format, instead of you deciding on a particular move I have listed the options.

When you come to ??? the position is shown along with candidate moves. Cover up the text below the moves and decide which of the moves is your choice. Keep a record and at the end see how you scored. The match is to 15 points, Kent is playing Black and Mike, White.

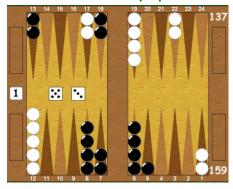
We continue coverage in Game 12 with just one point separating the two players.

Game 12

Kent Goulding : 8 Mike Maxakuli : 9 01) 51: 13/8 6/5 53: 8/3 6/3 02) 66: 24/18(2) 13/7(2)

Eschewing the traditional opening 51 move of 24/23 13/8, Kent slots his 5-point, Mike misses, then Kent rolls 66 and fails to cover his 5-point blot. It's here we come to our first position with Mike (w) on roll:

??? White to play 53



13/5 24/16 13/8 6/3 13/8 13/10 24/21 13/8

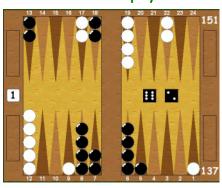
Once you've made your 3-point with an early 53 roll, the next one is often dictated by your opponent's previous moves(s). At the moment black is very flat in the outer boards, all his viable builders are straddling his bar-point, so is it time to provoke him into some sort of contact with 13/8 13/10 and duplicate 3s? No it isn't! To do so would be a blunder; as would playing 13/8 6/3. Even slotting your own

5-point is a blunder. What you need to do here is to move a runner up 24/21 to threaten the formation of the black prime and at the same time cover most of the black outer board. Of course, if you do this then it's accompanied by 13/8. The actual move of running the whole dice roll, 24/16 is a largish error. Black will hit with a 4, and he's got plenty of rolls that'll do that and cover his 5-point blot. The benefit of leaving the blot on the 21-point is the possibility of making an advanced anchor instead of leaving one lone checker back on its own.

24/21 13/8	5
24/16	3 A
13/5	2
13/8 13/10	1
13/8 6/3	0

53: 24/16

??? Black to play 62



13/5 8/2 7/5 7/1* 7/5

Immediately we have our next position. Having slotted his 5-point and had it missed a couple of times black must cover it; but with what roll? If you chose 8/2 7/5 I'd like to know why! It is a huge blunder and simply swaps one point for another and adds two blots! The actual play of 7/1* 7/5 is an error (actually, almost a blunder @ -0.028); its only redeeming feature is it leaves minimum shots off the bar (30.55%). Although moving 13/5 leaves a double-shot, 1s and 3s, it is a lot better and it keeps the spare checkers on the 8- and 5-points, active

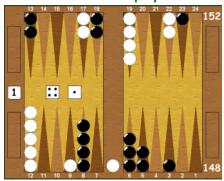
and the white runner is still isolated on the 1-point.

13/5	5
7/1* 7/5	4 A
8/2 7/5	0

03) 62: 7/1* 7/5 21: 25/24* 24/22 04) 32: 25/23 6/3*

A blot-hitting contest has ensued and now black has to decide whether or not to keep it going:

??? White to play 41



25/21 6/5 25/21 3/2* 25/24 6/2* 25/24 13/9 25/21 16/15

If you hit with 3/2*, expect zero points for it is very wrong! Slotting the 5-point with 6/5 is brave, but misguided for you want to avoid sending such 'safe' checkers back to square one! What needs to be done here is to keep banging away at the blots, so 25/24 6/2* is correct but not by much! It will rob black of half a roll and might even lead to him not covering his 3-point blot; but it might also lead to another white checker (or two) on the bar.

The two remaining plays are safe and sure(ish). Playing 25/24 13/9 could mean coming off the white bar-point to hit (in the absence of 52 or 43); and 25/21 16/15 has the small advantage of duplicating 3s.

25/24 6/2*	5 A
25/24 13/9	4
25/21 16/15	4
25/21 6/5	0
25/21 3/2*	0

Continued on the next page





Backgammon Art

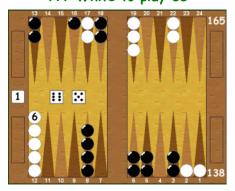
If you have the colour or CD version of Bibafax, then you're in for a colourful treat on page 15 of this Bibafax!

41: 25/24 6/2*

05) 32: 25/23* 6/3 32: 25/23 16/13 06) 43: 23/16

The blot-hitting tactic didn't pay off for white and black's 32 off the bar was a terrific roll. White now has to decide how best to play a 65:

??? White to play 65



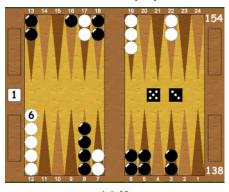
13/2 24/13 21/18 13/8 24/18 23/18

OK, did you spot the only possible correct play? It is the pure 24/18 23/18, anchoring on the 18-point. I know a lot of the time you'll have a difficult job clearing it safely, but you do have plenty of time in which to roll a double; whereas black is already under duress.

24/18 23/18 5 A Anything else 0

65: 24/18 23/18

??? Black to play 53



16/8 8/3 8/5 16/11 8/5 16/13 8/3 18/13 16/13

The actual move here of 16/13 8/3 is too passive and loses a 4-point builder, the next point that black should ideally be

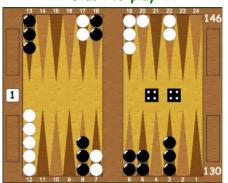
aiming for. Although it looks very ugly and stacky, 16/8 at least hasn't been played past the open 4-point. Best is the teasing play of 16/11 with 8/5.

At the moment white doesn't have a threatening home board and hitting now from the safety of his 18-point isn't going to be too effective. The remaining two moves achieve nothing for black and everything for white!

16/11 8/5	5
16/8	4
16/13 8/3	3 A
8/3 8/5	0
18/13 16/13	0

07) 53: 8/3 16/13 62: 13/5

??? Black to play 44



18/10(2) 13/9(3) 8/4 18/14(2) 13/5 18/14(2) 8/4(2) 18/14(2) 13/9(2)

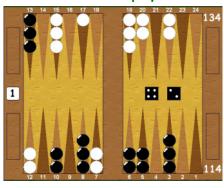
This lovely 44 puts black 32 pips ahead in the race and if not played 18/10(2) is wasted! All the other moves are just big blunders and warrant no points at all. In ascending order of awfulness:

18/14(2) 13/9(2) leaves a shot with 1s and 6s; 18/14(2) 13/5 makes if difficult to get the back four checkers safe and leaves just one spare checker to take a 6; 18/14(2) 8/4(2) makes a useless 4-point and leaves a shot with 1s; and finally, 13/9(3) 8/4 leaves the back two checkers completely alone and without any communication with their peers.

18/10(2) 5 A The remainder 0

08) 44: 18/10(2) 33: 13/10(3) 8/5

??? Black to play 42



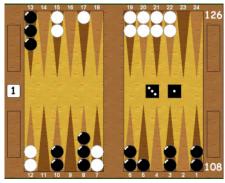
8/2 5/1 3/1 8/4 3/1 6/2 3/1 10/6 10/8

Surprising to see that the best move here is to clear the 10-point! It's only a marginal gain over the actual play of 5/1 3/1 @ -0.026, with game winning chances trivially reduced from 70.8% to 70.2%. Equally as good as the actual play is 8/4 3/1 - although I suspect that the two blots might encourage white to try and escape a back checker. Leaving three home board blots isn't too bad @ -0.046, but this almost guarantees that white'll run if he can - or so you'd might think! The only time Snowie vacates the 18-point after black plays 6/2 8/1 is with double 5s or 4s! Finally 8/2 (which looks good) is the worst @ -0.057. Errors, but no blunders!

10/6 10/8	5
5/1 3/1	4 A
8/4 3/1	4
6/2 3/1	2
8/2	1

09) 42: 5/1 3/1 62: 10/4 6/4

??? Black to play 31



8/4 8/5 6/5 13/10 6/5 13/10 5/4 13/10 3/2

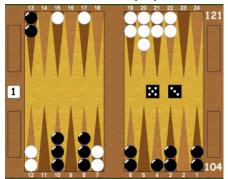


What a spoiler the 1 is! Without it the 3 is easy to play, isn't it? We have a tie for best move: 13/10 6/5 or 13/10 5/4, which is the actual move. Although they are equal I am marking the latter down by 1 point because although it leaves a 4 to make the 4-point next time, the former move would have used a 4 to remake the 6-point and give would have ensured the 6- and 5-points were made. If you think that this time it'd be a good idea to mix it and move off the 18-point if black plays 13/10 3/2 and leaves three blots, think again! Snowie won't even move if he rolls The Girls (55)! Likewise, 8/4 or 8/5 6/5 won't entice him off the 18-point!

13/10 6/5	5
13/10 5/4	4 A
13/10 3/2	3
8/4	2
8/5 6/5	1

10) 31: 13/10 5/4 32: 10/5

??? Black to play 53



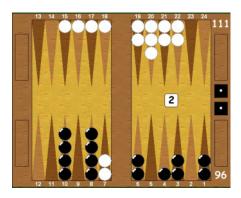
10/2 10/5 8/5 13/8 13/10

What a great 5-point maker this roll is! 10/5 8/5 is great, isn't it? It makes full use of the spare checkers on the 10- and 8-points doesn't it? And it is this obsession with the 5-point that makes this move a massive blunder @ -0.391! All you have to do to win this game is to get your checkers safely in and quickly off; therefore you should be concentrating on clearing your mid-point with this tailor-made roll for doing so!

13/8 13/10 5 A 10/2 0 10/5 8/5 0

11) 53: 13/8 13/10 64: 13/7 13/9

Black is just 15 pips ahead in the race, he has an equal number of crossovers (8) with white; but he's in a very strong position here to cube white out.



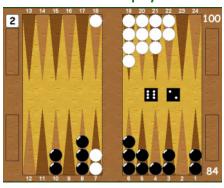
Black cube action

White still fancies his chances in this game and he takes! He's unlikely to get a shot, and the argument that he might roll big doubles and pull ahead also applies to black. Snowie says:

Double/pass 1.00 No double 0.912 -0.088 Double/take 1.077 +0.007

12) Doubles to 2 Takes 13) 43: 10/6 8/5 43: 10/6 8/5 14) 41: 10/5 31: 9/6 5/4

??? Black to play 62



8/2 3/1 8/2 6/4 8/2 5/3 8/2 4/2 10/4 10/8

White is hanging in there, now having taken the cube; and he'd have liked to have seen 66 here instead of 62. So, how best to play this, our last position? With the 2-point empty there's the temptation to play at least one of the dice into the slot; but it would be wrong to do so. In fact any roll that involves this slot is an error!

The more deductive among you will have thus surmised that clearing the 10-point is therefore correct! By doing so it minimises the chances of leaving white the much-needed hit he needs to turn this game to his favour.

10/4 10/8	5 A
8/2 6/4	3
8/2 5/3	2
8/2 4/2	1
8/2 3/1	1

The race then begins.

15) 62: 10/4 10/8	65: 18/12 18/13
16) 62: 8/2 8/6	63: 12/6 13/10
17) 51: 8/2	62: 10/4 7/5
18) 41: 8/4 1/0	

Black gets the first checker off and is guaranteed a couple off next roll, too; whereas white might roll one (or even worse) both of his empty points but he rolls just one . . .

62: 6/0 4/2
61: 6/0 6/5
64: 6/0 4/0
64: 6/0 4/0
33: 5/2(2) 3/0(2)
32: 5/0

Throughout the bearoff, black doesn't drop a pip; and the 55 seals white's fate.

Kent Goulding: 10 Mike Maxakuli: 9

So, how good is your backgammon?

50	You are Kent Goulding
40-49	You are Mike Maxakuli
30-39	You are OK
20-29	You are fairly OK
10-19	You are fair-haired!
09-0	You are awful but I like you!

This article will continue in a later issue of Bibafax

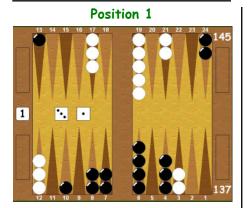


Come In Number Two Your Time Is Up

The 2008 British Open saw its second female winner when Ann Pocknell triumphed over Uldis Lapikens in the Final. It was a very one-sided affair and by the start of Game 6, Ann was leading, post-Crawford, 10-1. Uldis pulled out all the stops and took the score to 10-2, and then to 10-6,

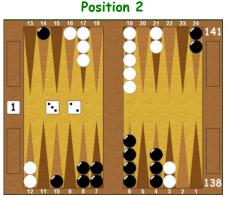


and it was here he bowed out to Ann, 11-6. There were a lot of checkerplay errors on both sides, Uldis: 20 including 7 blunders, and Ann: 15 including 4 blunders. This resulted in the ratings of Uldis: Intermediate; Ann: Advanced. Within the error/blunders there were ten positions in which the players chose the 2nd best move, Ann six times and Uldis four. The positions within this article show Snowie's 1st, 2nd, and 3rd moves in random order. See if you can do better than 2nd every time. The match is to 11 points and Uldis is playing as black. Decide on your moves and then check out the answers overleaf.



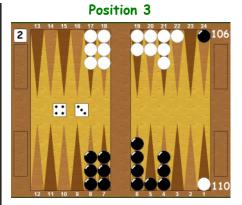
Black 0 White 0 White to play 31

13/10 13/12* 12/12* 12/9 8/5 6/5



Black 0 White 0 White to play 32

13/11* 13/10 13/11* 11/8 13/11* 6/3

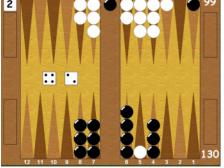


Black 0 White 0 White to play 43

24/20* 4/1* 24/20* 8/5 24/20* 7/4



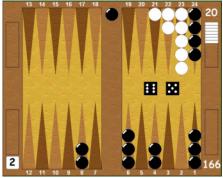
Position 4



Black 0 White 0 White to play 42

20/16 3/1* 20/16 5/3 5/1* 3/1

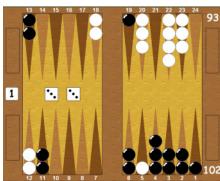




Black 0 White 2 Black to play 65

25/19 24/19 25/20 24/18 25/14

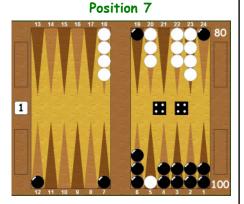
Position 6



Black 1 White 10 Crawford White to play 33

20/17 7/4(2) 5/2 13/10(2) 7/4(2) 13/7(2)





Black 1 White 10 Crawford
Black to 44

12/4 7/3 19/15 12/4 7/3 6/2 19/7 6/2

Position 8 2 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 149

Black 2 White 10 Post-Crawford
Black to play 64

24/18* 18/14 24/18* 6/2* 24/18* 5/1

Playing 8/5 is also an error, but a smaller

one. It might give more opportunities for

white to close off the prime but it's miss-

ing something very important: Black

must not be allowed to anchor, especially

on the 1-point! Therefore hitting 4/1* and

putting two in the air is the best move.

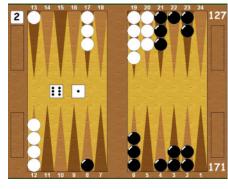
Black's home board is very poor and if

white is hit she won't have much trouble

-0.042

-0.108

re-entering and getting away.



Position 9

Black 2 White 10 Post-Crawford White to play 61

13/7 8/7 13/6 12/5

Position 1

OK, did you make the 5-point? You should have for it was the clear winner. Hitting is a big blunder. Black won't have much difficulty in getting in off the bar. Making the 5-point keeps the mid-point loaded for action and allows fewer escaping rolls for black. White isn't in much danger of being primed because even if black does manage to make his 9-point he doesn't have any spare checkers to play 6s with and his prime would soon crunch.

8/5 6/5 13/12* 12/9 -0.295 13/10* 13/10 -0.345

24/20* 7/4

24/20* 4/1*

24/20* 8/5

Position 4
OK, the eagle-eyed among you will have spotted that this is white's next roll (black danced with 55). And, just like the previous roll, the same priority reigns - black must not be allowed to anchor. The best way to do this is with the pure, 5/1* 3/1, making the 1-point. This doesn't give black a direct hit off the bar, unlike the 3rd play of 20/16 3/1*. The actual play, 20/16 5/3 looks very good, that is until you realise how thankful black would be to roll a 1. Don't let him anchor!

5/1* 3/1 20/16 5/3 -0.078 20/16 3/1* -0.083

Position 2

Having failed to make her 5-point last time, white now has to pull out all the stops and try to cover it after the hit, 13/11*. This is best achieved by 13/11* 13/10. Although it increases the hit off the bar slightly, it offers far more chances to make the 5- (or 7-) point next roll. The actual play of 13/11* 11/8 is far too passive and makes making a point a lot more difficult. The actual play is an error, but the 3rd play is a blunder: Why would you want to let your opponent have a direct 3 off the bar or a 52 or 22?

13/11* 13/10 13/11* 11/8 -0.074 13/11* 6/3 -0.135

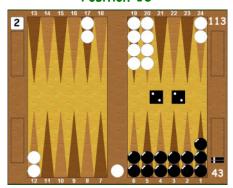
Position 3

Playing 24/20* is the only real option with the 4. The answer to this position lies with the 3. Playing it 7/4 is a big error (in fact it is very close to blunder), it takes away a builder and plonks it on top of four other checkers sitting on the 4-point.

Position 5

Black is in real danger of losing a gammon here (around about 78%!); therefore he needs to maximise crossovers without wasting too many pips. For those of you who don't know what a crossover is, it's moving from one table or quadrant to another preferably using the dice rolls economically. The worst play, 25/14 is very wasteful, all that's needed to get into

Position 10



Black 2 White 10 Post-Crawford
Black to play 22

6/4(2) 4/0 6/2(2) 4/0(2)

white's outer table is 1 or 2 pips, and this roll uses 6 of them! The actual play 25/19 24/19 might offer good 1s next roll but it's wasting a good 5 pips. The best move here is the least wasteful (in fact there's no waste at all), it's the simple 25/20 24/18 using the 6 to crossover without wasting a pip.

Of course it is going to be very difficult for black to save the gammon on crossovers (he currently needs 18 and if not hit, white needs just 8). But it is always a good idea to crossover whenever you can. I have often seen players lose games and matches by not getting in enough crossovers - and then they come to me crying that they were gammoned!

25/20 24/18 25/19 24/19 25/14

-0.041 -0.102



Position 6

This double isn't that good for white, she can't safety her 20-point blot; so what should she do? Well poking its head out 20/17 is a blunder. It might duplicate 3s (11/8 to hit, 4/1 to cover) but that won't perturb black, he'll hit if he can.

Playing 13/7(2) is also a blunder (quite close to the 20/17 7/4(2) 5/2 play). All it does is stack checkers on the 7-point and leaves the blot isolated 13 pips away; a long way to go. The best play here is 13/10(2) 7/4(2): It makes the 4-point, it threatens the black blot and leaves the 20-point blot just 10 pips away.

13/10(2) 7/4(2)

-0.15813/7(2) 20/17 7/4(2) 5/2 -0.162

Position 7

Black needed a hit here, instead he rolls 44 and nothing hits. His blot on white's 1-point is in danger of being pointed out with 15 rolls and he can't do much to stop this; therefore he needs to keep his blots down to the minimum and this is done with 12/4 7/3 19/15. His blot on white's 10-point is 10 pips away from being hit (55 and 64); and if he can weather white's next roll he could come out on top. A double-one would be catastrophic if 12/4 7/3 6/2 is played and is a big error. The actual play of 19/7 6/2 leaves 7s, the easiest of the indirects to roll - a second checker back would just about finish black off in this position.

12/4 7/3 19/15

19/7 6/2 -0.091 12/4 7/3 6/2 -0.108

Match detailed statistics for British Open Player Uldis Lapikens Ann Pocknell Rating intermediate advanced Overall 8.815/18.632 7.403/17.801 Errors(blunders) 23(10) 18(6) Checker play errors Checker play 7.215/16.198 5.381/13.983 Errors(blunders) 20(7) 15(4) Double errors Overall 1,200/1,819 0.613/1.857 Missed double 0.354/0.557 0.613/1.857 Wrong double 0.847/1.262 0.000/0.000 Errors(blunders) 2(2) 2(1) Take errors Overall 0.400/0.615 1.409/1.961 Wrong take 0.400/0.615 0.000/0.000 0.000/0.000 1.409/1.961 Wrong pass Errors(blunders) 1(1) 1(1) Ann Pocknell was 50.83% - 49.17% favorite.

Position 8

Black has cubed and now needs to win all the remaining games. Of course, we know he doesn't! He doesn't care about losing gammons but he does care about winning them. So, what 4 to play? Well two in the air is the best way to go about winning the game and it returns the most gammons.

The actual play is an error with 18/14, it doesn't really do an awful lot . . . and 5/1 does even less! With two on the bar, white isn't forced to hit any of the black blots and the game could swing in black's favour.

24/18* 6/2* -0.052 24/18* 18/14 24/18* 5/1 -0.101

Position 9

White panics here and in doing so plays a blunder with 12/5, keeping her 12-point blot safe. It wasn't in much danger, not from an indirect roll and with blots on his 8- and 4-points. The best play is the pure and simple (and very worthwhile), 13/7 8/7. It offers a good blocking point and builders for the 3-point should a suitable roll present itself, plus an excellent point to land upon. Playing 13/6 is just plain silly and if anyone actually picked this as their top move they should ask for a refund on the Biba membership - I would be happy to pay it out.

13/7 8/7

12/5 -0.19313/6 -0.210

Position 10

Black can't afford to be too careful here, he needs a gammon to maximise his cube. The best gammon play (50.9%) is 6/4(2) 4/0. It leaves 'bad' 66, 55 or 44, but if any of them are rolled at least three more checkers will be borne off at the least. The actual play of 4/0(2) (48.6% gammons) leaves a bad 62 which will only take off one checker in exchange for a blot. The worst roll only returns 42.6% gammons and takes no checkers off at all.

6/4(2) 4/0 -0.0704/0(2) 6/2(2)-0.090

So, how did you do? Were you able to get it right more often than our two players? Or did you come 3rd more often than 1st or 2nd?



Liverpool Backgammon Club Presents

The Liverpool Open, Sat, 19 & Sun 20 July 2008

Grand Prix **Event**

At the Liverpool Bridge Club, 7 Croxteth Road, Liverpool, L8 3SE

Main * Consolation * Last Chance * One-point Shootout * Sweeps * Cash Prizes * Bar

Registration: 10.00 to 10.45 for an 11.00 start. Fee £25 (includes buffet lunch), Under 18 - £15

NB: This is a limited entry event of just 54 players and pre-registration is required to reserve your place. Details from John Wright 0793 155 3829 jpwright@blueyonder.co.uk. Peedur8@hotmail.com. www.liverpoolbackgammon.org



Jack Kissane, backgammon master from Albany, New York, is known in many chouette circles as the fastest pip counter in the world. In a June 1989 Chicago Point interview, Kissane claimed that he can count almost any backgammon position within five seconds.

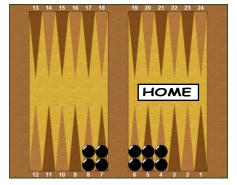
Now Jack Kissane shares his counting techniques with Biba in this revamped edition of his original article.

Pip counting. How do you view it? An annoyance? A necessity? Just part of the game? Some backgammon players can't or won't be bothered doing a pip count. Others use the count as a crutch, basing far too many checker moves on it. After a hard day of match play or during an all-night chouette, pip counting can be sheer torture, draining our limited supply of "thinking" energy. However, once or twice a game, knowing the count is critical for making the right checker play or, more importantly, the correct cube decision.

Over the years, I have developed a system of pip counting that significantly reduces the amount of time needed to count a position. I call it **Cluster Counting**. Hopefully, this fairly simple system will help you minimize the drudgery of pip counting and thus increase your enjoyment of the game.

Basically, Cluster Counting involves the mental shifting of checkers to form patterns of **Reference Positions** (**RP**) whose pip totals end in zero (with two notable exceptions) for quick, easy and accurate addition. Here are my seven basic reference Positions (black home bottom right):

REFERENCE POSITIONS Reference Position #1: 5-Prime

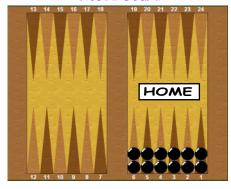


5-Primes. Multiply the midpoint of any 5-Prime by 10 and you have just counted a cluster of ten checkers. This position shows a 5-Prime from the 4-point to the 8-point.

Black = 60

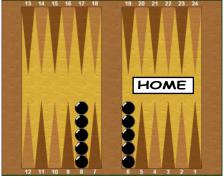
The 6-point is the midpoint and the count for these ten checkers = 60 pips (6 x 10.)This is so because 5s and 7s average out to 6s, and 4s and 8s also average out to 6s.

Reference Position #2: Closed Board



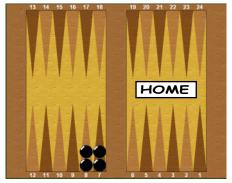
Black = 42 This is just a 5-Prime around the 4-point plus two checkers on the ace point.

Reference Position #3:



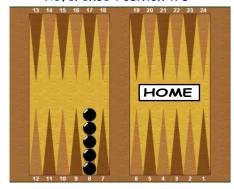
Black = 70 Five checkers each on the 6- and 8-points.

Reference Position #4:



Black = 30 Two checkers each on the 7- and 8-points.

Reference Position #5:

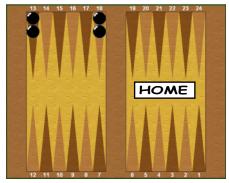


Black = 40 Five checkers on the 8-point.

Continued on the next page

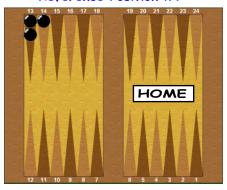


Reference Position #6:



Black = 62Two checkers each on the midpoint and opponent's bar point.

Reference Position #7:



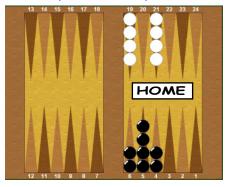
Black = 40Two checkers on the midpoint and one on the 14 point.

These seven Reference Positions combined with Key Points and Mirrors are the backbone of Cluster Counting.

KEY POINTS

The two Key Points most often used are the 5-point and the 20-point (opponent's 5-point.) The 10-, 13- and 15-points are also quite valuable.

Position 8: Making use of the 5-point as a Key Point

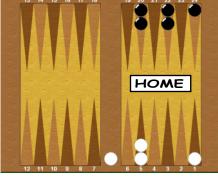


Black = 40 White = 40

This position shows two examples of counting a cluster of eight checkers all at once as if they were eight 5s = 40.

The 20-point (opponent's 5-point) is the most useful Key Point. All checkers in your opponent's home board should be counted as 20 plus the pips required to get to the 20-point.

Position 9: Making use of the 20-point (opponents 5-point) as Key Point



Black = 108 White = 89

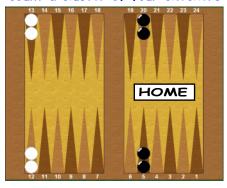
Black's count is 108 which can be visualized as five 20s + 4 (two each from the 22-point to the 20-point) + 4 (one from 24-point to 20 point).

White's count is 89, visualized as four 20s +4+5 (for the checker on the bar).

MIRRORS

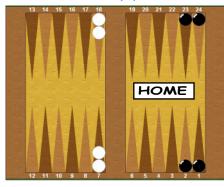
Mirrors are another important counting tool. Any point on the board plus its mirror-opposite point equals 25. For example, the 5-point + 20-point, the 1-point + 24-point, and the 12-point + 13-point all total 25 pips. It follows that any cluster of 4 checkers in mirror positions total 50. See Positions 10 and 11:

Position 10: Using Mirrors to count a cluster of four checkers



Black = 50 White = 50 $(13 + 12 = 25) \times 2 = 50$ $(20 + 5 = 25) \times 2 = 50.$

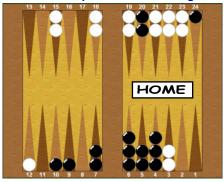
Position 11: Using Mirrors to count a cluster of four checkers



Black = 50. White = 50 $(18 + 7 = 25) \times 2 = 50$ (23 + 2 = 25) + (24 + 1 = 25) = 50

MENTAL SHIFTING - ONE WAY One Way Mental Shifting involves moving the checkers forward to Key Points or Reference Positions and then adding the forward movement to the value of the Key Points or Reference Posi-

Position 12: One Way Mental Shifting



Black = 137 White = 121

Black's pip count of 137 can be easily counted in three clusters: 40 (eight 5s) + 33 (RP#4 + 3 pips) + 64 (three 20s + 4.)

Divide White's checkers into three clusters to yield a total pip count of 121. 44 (5-Prime + 4 pips forward, 2 each from the 7-point to the 5-point) + 33 (three 10s + 3 pips from 13 to 10) + 44 (two 20s +4.)

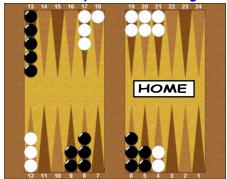
Note that two of White's checkers were shifted to White's 5-point which is occupied by Black's checkers. When shifting one player's checkers, the other player's checker position can be ignored.



MENTAL SHIFTING - TWO WAY

Two Way Mental Shifting differs from One Way Mental Shifting in that checkers are shifted either forward or backward to Key Points or Reference Positions and then compensating shifts are made in the opposite direction on the same side of the board or in the same direction on the opposite side of the board. Examine Position 13:

Position 13:
Two Way Mental Shifting



Black = 135. White = 142

Black's spare checkers on the 6- and 8-points are on the same side of the board. By shifting them one pip in opposite directions to the 7-point, a 5-Prime is formed. Black's position can easily be counted in two clusters: 70 (5-Prime) + 65 (five 13s) = 135.

White's spare checkers on the 8- and 13-points are on opposite sides of the board. By shifting them in the same direction, in this case left to right, a 5-Prime is formed (RP#1) and RP#7 is also formed. White's position can then be counted in three clusters: 60 + 40 + 42 (two 20s + 2) = 142.

It should be noted that there are often several Cluster Counting choices available. For instance, in Position 13, instead of forming a 5-Prime, you could have shifted the two 9-point checkers to the 8-point and compensated by shifting the two 5-point checkers to the 6-point to form **RP#3**. This cluster is also 70 pips.

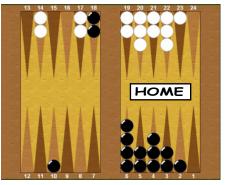
Position 16

YOUR TURN

Let's try counting some positions. Below four positions are shown but not described, nor is the adjusted positions (after shifting) shown.

Can you spot the shifts? If not, set them up on your backgammon board and they will become clear. When you want to see the description, you can do so on page 19.

Position 14



Black = ? White = ?

Position 17

Position 15

15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

HOME

Black = ?

HOME

Black = ?

White = ?

13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

HOME

Black = ?

This article was previously published in the Chicago Point (visit their web site at www.chicagopoint.com/), Issue #52, November 1992. It was made available on the Internet in 1997 by Kate McCollough with the author's permission.

Thanks to Jack Kissane and to Bill Davis of the Chicago Point. Thanks also to Kevin Bastian for creating the graphics for the original page. And thanks to Kate McCollough for creating the original HTML version of the article and putting it up on the web at www.bkgm.com/articles/McCool/cluster.html via Tom Keith's Backgammon Galore at www.bkgm.com/.

Originally created: March 31, 1997. Revamped by Michael Crane 27 July 2007 for the Biba web site and finally this version for Bibafax 95, July 2008.

White = ?





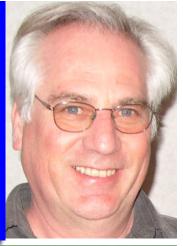


David & Goliath

By Michael Crane

The 6th Round of the 2008 County Cups saw John Reddington (L) on 5/5 playing against Peter Christmas (R). Peter was on 3/5. In the absence of any other 5/5, and the fact that the 4/5s had already played Peter, it was left to him to do the business.

Now, some of you might claim the 6th Round pairing between Peter and John was a mis-match; and you'd be right - but not in the way in which you might think; it wasn't a bias on the matches won, far from it. Snowie analysis of the match showed Peter playing as World Class and John a Beginner! Despite Peter's lofty rating he only managed to win a single point!



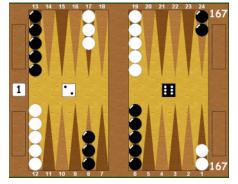
During John's rout of 11-1, Peter made only seven errors (six checkerplay and one cube blunder). It was the cube blunder in Game 1 that lost Peter the most points and made his task even harder.

Four of Peter's errors/blunder were in the first Game, and five of Johns, three of which were blunders. This article deals (mainly) with Game 1 and takes a look at what went wrong. Peter is playing as black and the match is to 11 points.

Game 1

Peter: 0 John: 0

The first roll of the game and we have Peter's first error:



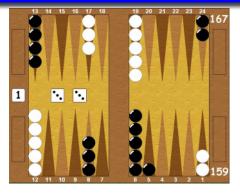
Black to play 62

Peter, obviously thinking he's playing against a weaker opponent, slots his 5-point, 13/5. Correct it might be against a novice or beginner but nevertheless it is an error and comes in @ 3rd on Snowie's list. The better play was the accepted 62 opener, 24/18 13/11.

24/18 13/11	0.039	
24/16	0.015	-0.024
13/5	0.013	-0.053

01) 62: 13/7 7/5

We now get to John's first roll and his first blunder.



White to play 33

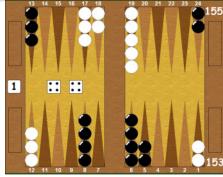
Doubles are sometimes a problem to play well - four chances each time of making the wrong move. John plays two off his mid-point to make his bar-point, 13/7(2). This seems a reasonable move but to an experienced player it misses an opportunity to make the most valuable point on the board, the 5-point! Of course, had black played the 'correct' move then John's move would have been more acceptable - but not correct, that move goes to 13/7*8/5(2). At the moment black isn't posing much of a threat regards escaping his runners, he's more concerned about making his own 5-point, so 'wasting' a good double-three to make the bar-point instead of making two excellent home board points with 8/5(2) 6/5(2) returns a big equity loss and Snowie 8th place.

8/5(2) 6/3(2)	0.229	
24/21(2) 8/5(2)	0.028	-0.021
24/21(2) 6/3(2)	0.178	-0.051
24/21(2) 13/10(2)	0.167	-0.062
13/10(2) 6/3(2)	0.106	-0.122
13/10(2) 8/5(2)	0.093	-0.136
24/18(2)	0.061	-0.168
13/7(2)	0.037	-0.192

33: 13/7(2)

02) 51: 13/8 6/5

Black's slot is covered, and now we come to white's second roll and second blunder - and again it's a double.



White to play 44

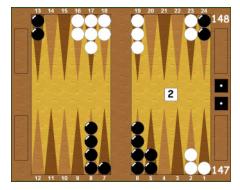
Thanks to black's roll of 51, white can't move his runners forward - but he is able to make amends and now make his 5point, 13/5(2). Unfortunately he hasn't yet grasped the importance of the 5-point and instead makes his 9- and 2-points with 13/9(2) 6/2(2)! For his effort he collects a huge blunder and Snowie 6th. If you have to make the 2-point it should at least be accompanied by 8/4(2); thus making two home board points. It is ironic that in both plays, playing two checkers from the mid-point leaves a blot (1s), and if you're going to do such a thing you should at least gain a good point (the 5-point) and not the 2-point.

13/5(2)	0.105	
8/4(2) 6/2(2)	0.057	-0.048
13/9 8/4(3)	0.106	-0.211
13/9(3) 9/5	0.109	-0.214
8/4(2) 7/3(2)	0.129	-0.234
13/9(2) 6/2(2)	0.133	-0.238

John has more difficulties with 33 and 44, which we shall look at after this game.

44: 13/9(2) 6/2(2) 03) 51: 13/12* 12/7 21: 25/23 24/23

White anchors on his 23-point and then black makes his cube blunder; a blunder that proves to be very costly indeed and contributes tremendously to the final match score.



Black cube action?

Snowie is screaming out at Peter, No double/take! Let's take a look at PRaT... and I am not referring to Peter!

Position: Black has a potential 4-prime with 6s and 1s, but he also has two runners yet to make a move, and they are already facing an established 4-prime. No advantage.

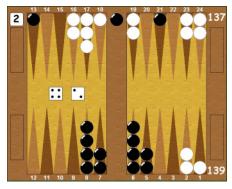
Race: Black leads by one pip! If he rolls the average next roll he'll lead by nine! No advantage.

Threat: His only threat is to make the bar-point - or perhaps a home board point. If he does make the bar-point, how long can he hold it? Little, short-term advantage.

No Double	0.391	
Double/take	0.257	-0.135
Double/pass	1.000	+0.609

04) Doubles to 2	Takes
05) 63: 13/7 24/21	65: 7/1* 6/1
06) 22: Dances	

Black rolled a good number, 63. It covered his much needed bar-point and readied a runner for escape. However, white's 65 followed by blacks' dancing 22 changed things somewhat. However, white then mucks it all up with a big blunder!



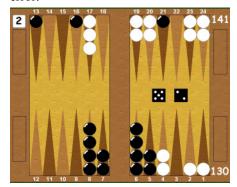
White to play 42

It is important in this position to stop black anchoring on the white 4- or 5point, therefore part of this move has to be 8/4*. White fails to appreciate this strategy and *now* decides to make his 5-point, 9/5 7/5! If black anchors he'll be able to escape with a single die (6s or even 5s) whereas white will need two dice to escape. This escape-plan is the key to the correct play: 23/21; preparing to escape and/or make an advanced anchor.

23/21 8/4*	0.257	
24/22 8/4*	0.066	-0.191
8/4* 8/6	-0.051	-0.308
9/7 8/4*	-0.124	-0.381
8/4* 6/4	-0.155	-0.412
9/5 7/5	-0.202	-0.459

	42: 9/5 7/5
07) 63: 25/16*	42: 25/21 23/21

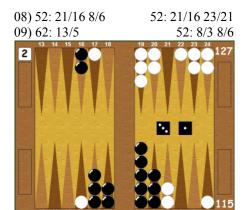
Black gets a shot off the bar (he'd still have one on if white had hit the blot!). Thankfully white makes his advanced anchor; after which black makes another error.



Black to play 52

Well, the 5 is easy, 21/16. Black then plays the two, 8/6, stacking yet another checker on the laden 6-point. It would have been wiser to play 13/11 to discourage any of white's runners from coming out.

21/16 13/11	0.590	
21/16 8/6	0.552	-0.038



Black to play 31

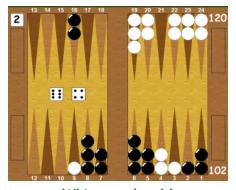
Leading by 12 pips in the race black decides to jeopardise this 1½ roll lead and hits, 5/1*! White now has eleven rolls off the bar to hit, and none of them (including 11), are duplicated for covering his 3-point blot.

Just to demonstrate how flexible you have to be when playing backgammon, a couple of rolls ago, stacking on the 6-point was wrong . . . and now it is correct to stack on the 5-point, 8/5 6/5! Black has too much to lose by giving white a chance of sending back a checker, and so the simple 8/5 6/5 is the best play.

8/5 6/5	0.335	
6/2	0.276	-0.059
6/3 6/5	0.273	-0.062
8/7 6/3	0.262	-0.073
5/1*	0.240	-0.095

10) 31: 5/1*	53: 25/22 8/3
11) 54: 6/1 6/2	

White misses but he does re-enter and he makes a 5th home board point. Black's 54 is 'forced'; and then white makes an error:



White to play 64

White plays 22/16 and makes his 16-point, and then wastes a checker with 6/2. It might be Snowie 2nd but its an error. At the moment black only has three home board points made and a blot on his 2-point. He isn't too keen on getting hit now or later so the plan here is to provoke a position in which he gets hit! This is achieved with 22/12. Unless black can hit and cover he will think twice about hitting, but he might be forced/enticed into doing so.

22/12	-0.306	
22/16 6/2	-0.348	-0.042

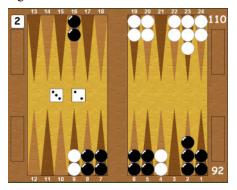
64: 22/16 6/2

12) 64: 8/2 6/2

Black's 64 is safely played but he's now flat on all his points and white could soon get the hit he craves.



White has a great advantage at the moment, his five home board points. Black is in danger of leaving a blot sooner or later and the odds of 30.55% rolls off the bar aren't very attractive (all 4s); whereas on the opposite side of the board white has 55.55% rolls that'll come in with two open points, one of which he's anchored on. But white is soon to lose that advantage.



White to play 32

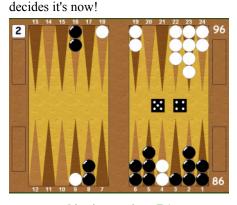
The last thing white should do here is give up one of his five home points - but this is what he does do with 5/2 5/3. In this position the same strategy as above should be employed - try to get black to leave a shot. This is done well with 16/11. Black will have all 2s (33.33%) to hit with but he could leave return shots off the bar that'll put white into the driving seat.

10/11	-0.426
6/3 6/4	-0.466 -0.040
6/1	-0.473 -0.047
5/2 5/3	-0.511 -0.085
	32: 5/2 5/3

Black is looking fragile right now and could well leave a blot soon . . . and he

54: 16/7

13) 42: 7/3 7/5



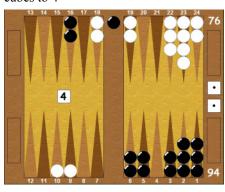
Black to play 54

This isn't a position in which black makes an error, he moves 8/3 5/1 leaving a blot! If you thought playing safe, 6/1 5/1 was the move you'll be surprised to hear it's a

big blunder @ -0.321! Now the home boards are reversed and it's black who has five points covered.

14) 54: 8/3 5/1	31: 21/17*
15) 61: Dances	62: 21/15 17/15
16) 33: Dances	62: 15/7
17) 66: Dances	

After dancing for three rolls, white recubes to 4



Both players do the correct thing: Redouble/Take. Snowie gives black 26.7% which is enough for the take, and white has 6.3% gammon chances.

Redouble/Take

No redouble

Redouble/Pass	1.000 +0.138
	Re-doubles to 4
18) Takes	63: 15/6
19) 62: Dances	32: 7/4 6/4
20) 21: Dances	63: 16/7
21) 53 · 25/20 16/13	62 · 7/1 7/5*

0.795 -0.067

White rolls the one roll that leaves a shot ... but black misses

22) 41: Dances	52: 5/0 2/0
23) 64: Dances	62: 6/0 6/4
24) 64: 25/19 16/12	52: 4/0 2/0

Black gets in and starts his run to save the gammon. After white's 52 his gammon chances are at 18.2%. Black has two checkers, 19- and 13-point well poised to crossover and should be OK.

63: 4/0 3/0
64: 4/0 3/0
61: 3/0 1/0
41: 2/0 1/0

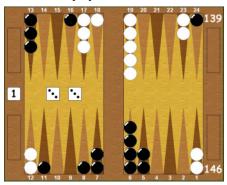
Black has appalling luck and rolls 21, 31, 21 and now he faces a 92.7% chance of losing the gammon and needs 66 or 55 to save it . . . he rolls 54.

29) 54: 12/7 11/7 Wins 8 points

Although Snowie rated Peter as World

Class and John as Beginner overall, this game it rated them down to Advanced for Peter and Novice for John! You can see the stats on the next page, both for this game and the match as a whole.

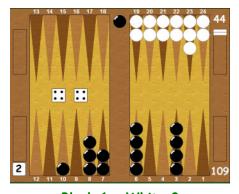
I said earlier we'd look at John's two other, 'double' blunders. Once again we have a 33 to play:



Black 0 White 8 White to play 33

Certainly playing 24/21(2) is correct, and John plays this. He's in real danger of being trapped and these two 3s are just the job; however, the next two 3s aren't played so well - John moves 13/7 to make his bar-point. This might well stop black's runner escaping directly, but it exposes the mid-point blot to a double hit, 1s and 4s and is a big blunder @ -0.356. It's not possible to play two more 3s and not leave a blot - therefore, moving off the heavy 6-point, 6/3(2) is best. This keeps the mid-point anchor, and, with white anchored on black's 4-point, he's not afraid of his paltry two-prime board.

The second is another double-four:



Black 1 White 8 White to play 44

With the score at 3-away, 10-away, white would love to get a gammon here and take the match; therefore he needs to maximise his gammon chances. John plays 6/2(2) 5/1(2), failing to take a single checker off and allowing Peter 20 rolls (55.55%) to enter and start saving the gammon. This play returned

28.2% gammons (equity @ -0.054). Not bad, you might think, but it's not as good as 45.9% with 6/2(2) 4/0(2).

with certain rolls; unfortunately no one tells the 'beginner' what those responses should be!

Peter still has 20 re-entry numbers but now John has two checkers off and is probably only six rolls from winning, which translates as only fives rolls for Peter to save the gammon, three of which will be required to get his outer board checkers home!

So, how did a 'beginner' beat a 'world class' player? By doing precisely what he did - play as a beginner. Experienced players frequently make plays to which they expect a certain response

Game 1 detailed statistics									
Player	Peter	John							
Rating	advanced	novice							
Overall	6.263/2.388	19.648/7.572							
Errors(blunders)	4(1)	5(3)							
Checker play err	ors								
Checker play	3.771/1.773	19.648/7.572							
Errors(blunders)	3(0)	5(3)							
Double errors									
Overall	2.492/0.615	0.000/0.000							
Missed double	0.000/0.000	0.000/0.000							
Wrong double	2.492/0.615	0.000/0.000							
Errors(blunders)	1(1)	0(0)							

Match detailed statistics for County Cups										
Player	Peter	John								
Rating	world class	beginner								
Overall	4.050/3.900	13.030/13.038								
Errors(blunders)	7(1)	14(8)								
Checker play err	ors									
Checker play	3.109/3.166	13.030/13.038								
Errors(blunders)	6(0)	14(8)								
Double errors										
Overall	0.899/0.703	0.000/0.000								
Missed double	0.143/0.088	0.000/0.000								
Wrong double	0.756/0.615	0.000/0.000								
Errors(blunders)	1(1)	0(0)								
Take errors										
Overall	0.041/0.031	0.000/0.000								
Wrong take	0.041/0.031	0.000/0.000								
Wrong pass	0.000/0.000	0.000/0.000								
Errors(blunders)	0(0)	0(0)								
Peter Christmas	was 59.14% fo	avourite.								



Yona Boren



The Art of Reconciliation

60 Artists from Israel explore the theme of tolerance and reconciliation in their design of backgammon boxes











Yorni-Yoyo32

During May, 12 to 18, The Art Of Reconciliation Exhibition was held at the Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial Library, in Washington DC. The exhibition presented 60 creations where backgammon boards have been turned into artistic objects dealing with the meaning of reconciliation as a starting point for the process of understanding and patience towards fellow man.

The exhibition of artistic backgammon boards presented a fascinating cross-section of present-day Israeli artists and was constructed as a "suitcase exhibition" designed especially for mobility. Each box contains additional photographs and material about the artists and their creation and in fact, the backgammon box acts as a "pocket exhibition" for each artist. May the prayers of the artists for peace come true and this sign of reconciliation will prophesize peace and tranquility among all nations worldwide.

The images herein can be found on The Art of Reconciliation web site: backgammonart.org/. This article acknowledges the sponsors of the exhibition: The District of Columbia Public Library, Israel's Embassy in Washington D.C., B'nai B'rith Centre for Jewsih Culture, and Play65 by SkillEmpire.

The next three pages feature thumbnail pictures of the exhibits, with the final page featuring some in more detail.













Avi Ella

Audrey Meyer-Munz

Esti Drori











Aviva Beigel

Bat Sheva Shevach

Aviva Berger

Hagit Kazinitz











Carmit Levy

Chava Alexi

Dalia Meir

Dalia Eshet

Ilan Yaron











Dalia Ne'eman

Dan Svorai

Esther Bahar

Ester P. Bashevitz

Israel Kantor











Frida Sasson

Frida Steinberger

Hadas Levy

Ilana Zechoval

Iris Yehexkel











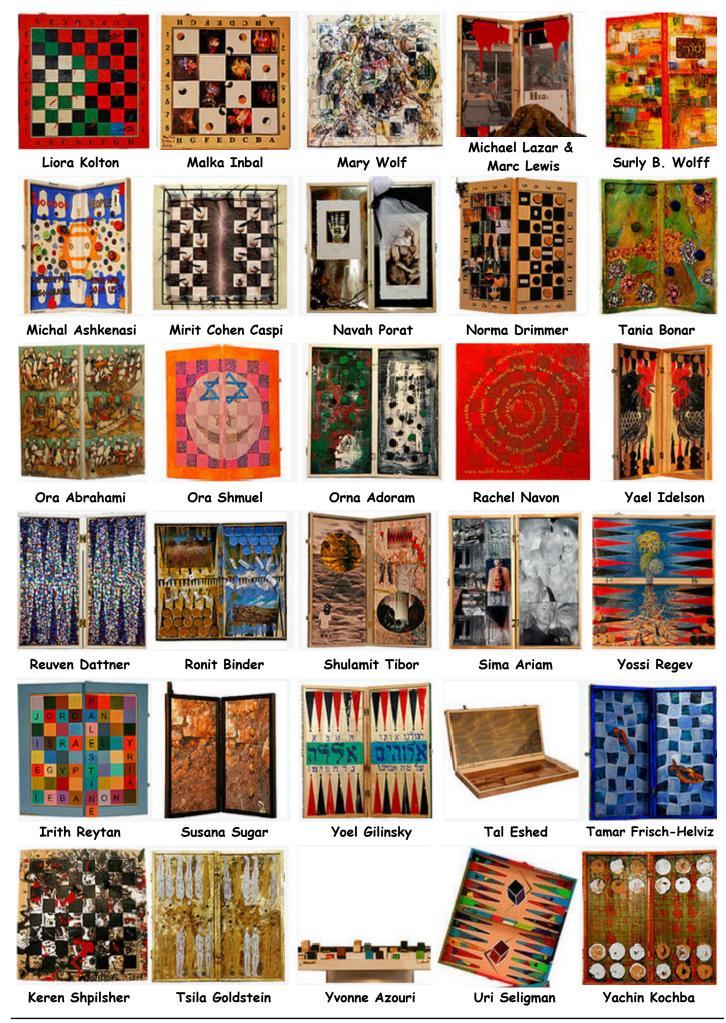
Hana Barak Engel

Haya Graetz Ran

Hedva Zloter

Joshua Griffit

Karen Gillerman Harel & Studio MD Design







Above: Ester Bashevitz - The Power of Peace

This painting depicts the victory of sanity. Unfortunately in the war ravaged Middle East in many cases, kids are forced to fight, kill and die but when given the opportunity they will always prefer to play. Take the same kids and give them the opportunity to play instead of fight, educate them to peace and tolerance instead of war and hatred and they will resort to their natural desire to play and not fight.

Top Right: Yossi Regev - Reconciliation

"Reconciliation" on the Shes-Besh game, shows a process in which two diagonal wrapping movements are creating a tall trunk of a palm tree ("Washingtonia Robusta").

Middle: Haya Graetz Ran - Werstlers

Backgammon is considered as a masculine game. On its wooden surface I "implanted" drawings of wrestling men inspired by series of wrestling maneuvers I found on an old German encyclopedia of the 1930s. The allegedly innocent paintings, are intertwined with the collective memory referring to this people who raised human monsters and also referring to what we experience here in the Middle-East, aiming to raise questions and reflections about the future of the human society.

Bottom: Tsila Goldstein - Butterfly Talk

This work expresses the hope and necessity of reconciliation between people and countries all over the world and especially in the middle east. The silhouettes are placed on the triangles of the "Backgammon" tablet, the butterflies are the positive "ideas" navigating among the human beings, trying to make them talk to each other, and the flowers replace the playing pawns of the forces.







Continued from Page 11. OK, so have you worked out the pip counts? Check the positions below to see if you are correct and for the description for the shifting method used.

Position 14

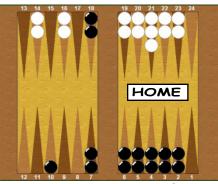


By using Two Way Mental Shifting the position becomes: Position 14a

Black = 100White = 84

Black's 100 pips can be counted in three clusters: 40 (5-Prime from the 6-point to the 2-point) + 50 (Mirrors on the 7-point and the 18-point) + 10. White's 84 pips can be counted in two clusters: 44 (5-**Prime** + 4) + 40 (four 10s).

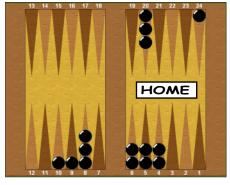




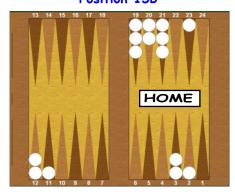
Position 15



Position 15a



Position 15b

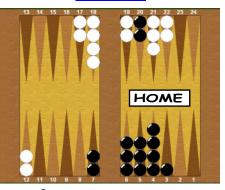


After shifting, Black's and White's positions becomes Positions 15a and 15b.

Black 157

Black's position can be counted in three clusters: $30 (\sin 5s) + 43 (RP#5 - \text{five } 8s + 3) + 84 (\text{four } 20s + 4)$. White's pips can be counted in three clusters: 42 (eight 5s + 2) + 40 (RP#7) + 67 (three 20s + 7).

Position 16

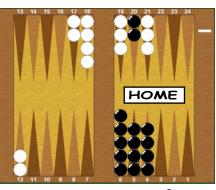


Black = 106

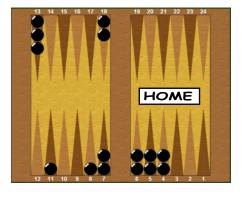
White = 100 Black's pips can be counted in two clusters: 66 (twelve 5s + 6) + 40 (two 20s). White's 100 pips can be counted in two clusters: 30 (six 5s) + 70 (RP#4 again + 10 for two checkers moved from the 13point to the 8-point).

Note that in Position 16a White has only 14 checkers. The two checkers originally on the 3-point were shifted in different directions - one checker to the 6-point and the other checker off the board

Position 16a



Position 17



As previously noted, with Cluster Counting, there is almost always more than one correct way to count a position. You should use whichever cluster formations you can quickly visualize. For example, look at Position 17. With a minimum of shifting, Black's pip count can be quickly counted in several different ways:

- a) 63 (5-Prime +3) + 75 (five 13s + 10 by shifting two checkers from the 18-point to the 13-point);
- b) 63 (5-Prime + 3) + 62 (RP#6) + 13 (spare checker on the 13-point);
- c) 50 (Mirrors on the 12- and 13-points) + 50 (Mirrors on the 7- and 18-points) + 30 $(\sin 5s) + 8$ (Checker on the 8-point).

CONCLUSION

Well, that's the system. Certainly my list of seven **Reference Positions** is by no means inclusive. You probably already know or will discover other positions that can be added to the list. Will mastering the Cluster Counting technique improve your game, or at least make one tedious aspect of backgammon more enjoyable? Count on it.

© Jack Kissane

The English Open. June 6,7,8

Michael Crane reports

The English Open (59)

A great turnout for the inaugural tournament of this new, national title. I think the combination of the title and the sponsorship of PartoucheGammon had a major effect on attendance - and for their part, I'd like to thank PartoucheGammon's Eric Guedi, Hugo de Fenyi Rouviére and Nathalie Guez for all they did to help. The trophies were magnificent, the tee-shirts went down very well indeed, and the free seat in Cannes for the winner of the English Open was very generous.

Friday 500 (24)

The weekend got off to a great start when twenty-four players battled it out for the weekend break and the 500 points. Nicky Check managed to make it to the semi's and this was enough for him to gain 12 points and place himself firmly at the top of the list with 68 points. His nearest rival, Mardi Ohannessian is 14 points behind him thanks to a 20 point boost after beating Ed Turner in the final. Latest listing on Page 31.

Main (59)

The 1st Round saw a plethora of fancied players tumble out of the title chase. Here's a few of the better known/better ranked players: Andy Darby. David Nathan. Eamon Keogh. Gerry Enslin. Jeff Barber. John Reddington. Julian Fetterlein. Mardi Ohannessian. Mark Heidenfeld. Paul Gilbertson. Raymond Kershaw. Rosey Bensley. Sean Williams. Tom Duggan.

It didn't leave too many top players in the Main, the most notable were Chris Ternel (out in Round 3), Nicky Check (out in Round 3), Brian Lever (out in Round 3), Adrian Jones (out in Round 2), Jon Barnes (out in Round 2), Ray Tannen (out in Round 2), Rachel Rhodes (out in Round 2), Kevin Stebbing (out in Round 2). So, who did it leave? Well, the Quarter-Finalists were: Cecilia Sparke vs Mike Heard. Zoe Cunningham vs David Motley. Paul Plumptre vs Stewart Pemberton. Peter Bennet vs Dorothy Lee

The ladies have did very well this weekend, three of them got into the last 8, but that was as far as any of them went! Of all the players above, Mike Heard and Peter Bennet were the favourites; however, Mike fell to David Motley in the semi. Peter faired better, he prevailed over Stewart Pemberton to meet with David in the Final. I have yet to push the match through Snowie, but it was Peter who emerged on top to take the newest, Biba national title and he was duly crowned, English Champion 2008.

Consolation (55)

Entering into the 2nd Round via the Main 2nd Round, Uldis Lapikens and Roland Hererra met each other in the non-prog side 'final'. In their match, Roland won and he then went into the Final to meet Chris Ternel who had entered the prog-side after losing his Round 3 match (see above). If the power of thought was enough to bring about a victory, then Roland would have been the winner - his wife, Simonetta was willing him on all the way. Chris was impervious to Simonetta's thought-wave bombardment and it was he that came out the winner.

Last Chance (32)

There were too few players available to enable a 64 open draw. so the Last Chance was kept to 32 entrants. Two of our 'top'



Main 1st Round losers had gradually fallen victim throughout the Consolation to end up in the Final of the Last Chance, Mardi and Brian (Lever). Mardi had entered in the top of the draw and was waiting in the Final for Brian who was one of the last to enter. The long wait must have weakened Mardi for it was Brian who took the winner's trophy.

The Grammy (32)

This element was named in memory of Grahame Powell



who died last July. I promised him I'd do something to remember him by - and this was it. I commemorated the occasion by wearing a tee-shirt dedicated to him - and I am pleased to say it was in very poor taste Grahame would have loved it! It raised a few eyebrows and laughs from the backgammon players - and loads of frowns and looks of puzzlement among the 'normal' hotel guests.

Vying for the first ever, Grammy, Jon Barnes & Peter Edwards, and Gerry Enslin & Mike Main, met in the semis - encounters from which Peter and Gerry came out to meet each other. This was Peter's first Biba tournament (and I think it was his first backgammon tournament), so it was very fair of Gerry to let him take home the winner's trophy!

Poker (15)

Vicki Pemberton is at it again! She won the Poker and elevated herself into 2nd place in the Poker Grand Prix, Kevin Stebbing came 2nd, and his 23 points pushed him into the 'unofficial' 7th place. Simonetta Hererra came 3rd, but her points total is only equal to the 21 points she has from this win so her position is too low to mention at the moment. Myke Wignal came 4th and Tony Fawcett 5th, the result of which was Myke is now 4th in the Grand Prix and Tony is 3rd. Rosey Bensley is 5th in the Grand Prix - she went out first and gained only one point. OK, I know what you're asking - Why is Kevin's 7th position, 'unofficial'? Well, to qualify for the Grand Prix, players must enter a minimum of five events, and the only ones to actually do this so far are Paul Gilbertson, Vicky, Tony, Myke and Rosey. Several non-qualifying players can make the Top Five, all they need to do is attend a few more events before the last one in November.

Team (14)

As always, this was a raucous, noisy, rowdy affair . . . which is how we like it! My team, with me as Captain, made it into the 2nd Round, but then we came to a halt and went no further. The last four were Sue Keeble & Mark Heidenfeld vs Dave Moon and David Phillips. The Dave's failed in their bid to topple Mark & Sue, and from the Mark and Sue encounter, Mark came out victorious.

Finally

Nathalie Guez (on the right with Grahame, taken in Dublin, 2003) worked very hard over the days prior to the tournament getting the trophies together and shipping them to the hotel, and for that I am very grateful. I mention her here because she and Grahame met in the final of the 2003 Irish Open. Although she lost the match, she never forgot Grahame, and when he died last year she said a few words about him in Cannes, and this weekend she will be thinking of him again.

Once again, many thanks to the PartoucheGammon team; and may Peter Bennet make good use of his free entry into the Cannes tournament and return a winner.



The Snowie stats for the Main between Peter and David can be seen on Page 24





Obituary

Michael Crane

I didn't know Sarah or Steve that well. I had met them a few times at Biba events, but for different reasons they have reserved a space in my memory. Sarah's space is one of a fun-loving girl who liked to cause mischief, and one particular



Sarah Rosich and Steve Lynch Friends Reunited

memory is of a comment she made during a doubles event - a comment that I can't divulge here to protect the guilty!

Steve's space is one of disruption and mayhem! As you'll read below in Rebecca's comments, he had a certain reputation and he made my job as TD difficult at times . . . but he also showed great humour and it was difficult to stay mad at him for long. I shall always remember the time he was barred from the Daventry Paramount hotel after being manhandled by staff after a drinking contest between him and a girl . . . Steve lost! Like Grahame Powell above, he spoke his mind and was as daft as him too. He was a one-off . . . thank God!

Now that Steve, Sarah and Grahame are in backgammon heaven the rest of the departed players had better watch out - heaven is about to explode!

Rebecca Bell

I met Sarah Rosich of Bristol and Steve Lynch of Birmingham at a Biba event in Coventry approximately 8 years ago. Steve and Sarah both modestly considered themselves brilliant players and were constantly aggrieved by the fact I was the only one to win a trophy. (I hope they are reading this, ha ha).

We remained firm friends until Sarah's sudden death from influenza in December 2007, aged just 40. Steve and I attended her funeral in January of this year and "the Power of 3" as we jokingly called ourselves became "the Power of 2". Steve and I made a pact to rekindle our love of Backgammon in Sarah's memory, it had been a couple of years since any of us made it to a Biba event, mainly due to family and financial commitments. We planned to start after the summer.

Sadly, Steve took his own life in May. Largely an obnoxious and arrogant backgammon player you may remember him either drunk, boasting, sulking or causing disruption, but he was hugely entertaining and under all the male bravado he had a good and caring heart and would move mountains for those he loved. He was also a genius in many ways and by his own admission "slightly magical"! So now all that's left is "the power of 1" and I shall be back at BIBA events later in the year in memory of two very special, unforgettable, people - my Sarah and Steve x

If you have any comments about Sarah or Steve please send them to me and I shall place them on the Biba web site. MC

The Keren Di Bona Trophy

Michael Crane reports

The weekend got off to a decent start with the **Friday 500 (10)**. Ten players sat down to battle it out for the weekend prize, and by midnight we were down to two, Gerry Enslin and Ray Tannen. They had beaten back challenges from Myke Wignall and Julian Fetterlein respectively and in the final (played Saturday morning) it was Ray that came out the victor. Latest listing on page 31.

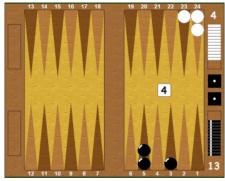
On the Saturday the Main (22) got underway without the sponsor, Emmanuel Di Bona, being present, which was a bit of a shame for I am sure he'd have enjoyed himself. Twenty-two might appear low, but it was an improvement on last year's twenty-one! We got down to the Last 8 on Saturday afternoon where the fixtures were:

Nicky Check vs Martin Barkwill: Martin won. Phillip Tutchings vs Tom Duggan: Phillip won and played Martin.

Myke Wignall vs Paul Gilbertson: Myke won. Peter Bennet vs David Motley: Peter won and played Myke.

From these pairing, Martin triumphed over Phil by virtue of a poor cube decision on Phil's part. With the score at 8-7 to Phil (black) to 11

points, he shipped across a 4-cube in this position ...



This is a clear take for Martin and he should have snatched it up; however, Martin being Martin, thought about it for a good while . . . and then snatched it up! This isn't a re-cube, and giving it away for DMP is a big mistake.

Peter got the better of his old doubles partner, Myke, and he was into his second consecutive final (having won last month's English Open), and was now on 9 x 11-point wins in a row; hoping to make it 10 and getting his second 1000-to-1 trophy, his first being November



2000. He looked as if he wasn't going to make it when Martin went into a 6-0 lead but then Martin stalled, unable to win another point as Peter pulled back

Martin

The Snowie stats from Page 21

Player	Peter Bennet	David Motley
Rating		advanced
_	5.792/16.271	
Errors(blunders)		17(8)
Checker play err		
Checker play	3.124/10.893	5.963/17.482
Errors(blunders)	11(2)	16(7)
Double errors		
Overall	2.668/5.378	0.425/0.957
Missed double	2.663/5.369	0.425/0.957
Wrong double	0.005/0.010	0.000/0.000
Errors(blunders)	10(4)	1(1)
Take errors		
Overall	0.000/0.000	0.000/0.000
Wrong take	0.000/0.000	0.000/0.000
Wrong pass	0.000/0.000	0.000/0.000
Errors(blunders)	0(0)	0(0)

nd then ahead winning 6-11. So, two wins in a row and now the first to win two 1000-to-1 trophies! Well done, Peter. Let's hope you can win a third final with your free entry at Cannes (see English Open report). Good luck.

In the **Progressive Consolation (18)** Julian Fetterlein tore through Mike Barret (new member), Steve Rimmer, Nicky Check and Tom Duggan (defending Main winner from 2007), to secure a place in the final against Paul Gilbertson who entered from the progressive side (Last 8 of the Main). Julian's momentum couldn't be stopped, however, and it was he that came out the winner.

With such a small field of players to draw from the Last Chance (16) was an open draw. Taking advantage of re-entries, Steve Rimmer and Richard Holness battled it out for 1st place, an encounter that Steve won. The Bona of Contention was another open draw, but this time the finalists, Marcus Wrinch and Myke Wignall didn't avail themselves of re-entering, each playing from their 1st try. It was Marcus that got the upper hand and he took home the 'bigger' trophy leaving Myke with a tiny, tiny little trophy!

The **Poker (5)** was very slow getting entrants, and by

close of Registration just three, Paul Gilbertson, Myke Wignall and Tony Fawcett (director) were the only ones down to play! But, over dinner - and after many pints of lager - these three tipsy players managed to entice John Hedge (who claimed he didn't know how to play!) and Martin Barkwill into their fold. As it turned out, being 'sober' made a big difference in that 1st and 2nd were John and Martin, with the drunkards bringing up the rear: Tony, Myke and Paul. The moral is, if you want to get ahead in the poker-keep a clear one! Listing on page 31.

There was a magnificent entry for the first ever Biba **Piphit (4)** event! Me, Ce-

dric Lytton, Gerry Enslin and Richard Holness! Richard and I were Piphit virgins whereas Cedric and Gerry had been practicing all day. This proved to be very effective for we virgins were well and truly deflowered, (me by Gerry, Richard by Cedric) and the Final was a pitched battle against the two from Norfolk, an encounter from which Cedric (who has written a very technical paper on Piphit to be published via Biba later) emerged the first Piphit Champion.

I'm not sure about Piphit. It relies too much on luck in my opinion and it was this luck element that put off a lot of potential entrants. I suppose it's OK for a bit of fun but I can't see it taking off seriously. Also, games take a good bit longer to complete, which, as a TD, I see as a bad thing.

Finally

Well, despite the absence of its sponsor, the event went along well and (most of) those that turned out enjoyed themselves. If it was marred by anything it was by some players moaning, and groaning and tutting throughout their matches - even when they won! I had a couple of emails after the weekend bringing this sort of behaviour to my attention, which is a tad too late, really.

If I had been made aware of the offputting behaviour as and when it happened I could have dealt with it. As it is, dealing with it retrospectively is difficult. If you are annoyed by an opponent's behaviour, report it and I'll do something about it - don't wait until the event is over to tell me.

Lastly, thanks to Deena for another superb job as my assistant.



Forthcoming Events - also see pages 8 & 26

1, 2, 3 August - SAC Trophy

The third of our four Swiss format events and another UK Finals Qualifier event. If you like playing 6×11 point matches over the weekend, then this is the event for you. Swiss events offer great opportunities to rack up championship points, both G rand P rix and P Ranking - and could well place you in the money!



12th Mindsports Olympiad 2008 16 to 25 August



Thanks to Andrew Havery the MSO will be staged at a new, London venue, The Royal Horticultural Halls, 80 Vincent Square, (Westminster) London SW1P 2PE, 10 minutes from Victoria railway and underground station, Pimlico and St James's Park tube, 10 minutes from Westminster tube. All events start at 09:30 and each costs £12 for adults and £8 for children (18 years old or less): except for the Monday event when the cost is £8 for all gaes.

children (10 years old or less), except for the Monday event when the cost is 20 for all ages.							
The Vincent Square Cup Sat 16th & Sun 17th (2.25 hours per round)	Qualification: Open to all players. Format: Two day Swiss Format of 6, 11 point matches, four on Saturday, two on Sunday. 1st 2nd & 3rd will win Gold, Silver, Bronze. <u>BIBA GP EVENT</u>						
Olympiad Championship Thu 21st, Fri 22nd ((2.25 hours per round)	Qualification: Open to all players. Format: Two day Swiss Format of 6, 11 point matches, three per day. 1st 2nd & 3rd will win Gold, Silver, Bronze. BIBA GP EVENT						
The Blitz Sat 23rd (45 minutes per round)	Qualification: Open to all players. Format: One day Swiss Format of 6, 3 point matches. 1st 2nd & 3rd will win Gold, Silver, Bronze.						
The Olympiad Rapid Sun 24th (1.25 hours per round)	Qualification: Open to all players. Format: One day Swiss Format of 4, 5 point matches. 1st 2nd & 3rd will win Gold, Silver, Bronze.						
1-point Round Robin Mon 25th (continuous play)	Qualification:: Open to all players. Format: One day Round Robin of 1 point matches without the cube. Entrant accruing the most points will be adjudged the winner. 1st 2nd & 3rd will win Gold, Silver, Bronze.						
IMPORTANT Entrants must be in the playing area no later than 15 minutes prior to the start of Round One to register with the Director for entry into the draw.	fail to complete all rounds will be extrapolated to render a total score. E.G. Wins 2 out of 3, extrapolated to 4 out of 6. Byes: Random byes will						

* THIS IS A LIMITED GRAND PRIX EVENT *

2008 Details, Deals and Dates



Registration: Saturday 1030 to 1230

Play Starts: Friday <u>2100</u>, Saturday <u>1300</u>, Sunday <u>1030</u>

Auctions: Group, Saturday 1245, Individual, Sunday 1015

Pools: Private, members only prize pools available at £tba

Formats: Knockouts - 11, 7, 5, & 3 point matches, Swiss - 6 x 11 point matches All tournaments feature a Friday 500, Saturday night Knockout,

Poker Grand Prix and Jackpots subject to demand.

Registration Fees: Members only: £20 -you can join on the day-Entrants not residing at the hotel, £10 extra to cover facilities (all fees and surcharges to be paid on the day - prepayment not required)

FRIDAY

2100: Friday 500 + Jackpots (on demand)

SATURDAY

Registration 1030 / 1230 Play starts 1300 prompt

SUNDAY

Play resumes 1030 (penalty points apply 1035)

Dinner, bed and breakfast @ Daventry, Hinckley & Walton Hall

Reservations on 0870 1610 797

(9am to 9pm Monday to Friday, 10am to 6pm @ weekends) and quote 'backgammon'.

Single room: 1 night £61, two nights £106.

Double or twin room: 1 night £98, two nights £188

Note: There are a limited number of rooms made available to Biba at these rates and they will be allocated on a first come - first served basis.

	2008 Backgammon Calendar	Not	e ver	nue changes 🚄	
Jul 19,20	13 th Liverpool Open	GP	-	Liverpool	Combination
Aug 1,2,3	SAC Trophy	GP	UK	Daventry	Swiss
Aug 16 - 25	12 th Mind Sports Olympiad	GP	-	London	Swiss
Sep 5,6,7	Backgammon in London	GP	-	Hinckley 🚄	Knockout
	(formerly, Backpacker Trophy)				
Oct 3,4,5	Sandy Osborne Memorial	<i>G</i> P	-	Daventry	Knockout
Oct 24,25,26	16 th Irish Open	GP	UK	Dublin 🚤	Swiss/Knockout
Oct 31, Nov 1,2	Townharbour Trophy	GP	UK	Hinckley 🚄	Swiss
Dec 5,6,7	Gilbertson UK Finals	·		Walton Hall	Double KO

Backgammon tournament weekends cannot be booked through any other special offer or promotional rate. Players not on the Biba special rate or not staying in the hotel shall pay a surcharge of £10 to cover facilities provided.

Three events have been moved from the Barceló Daventry to other locations.

The latest one is the Townharbour Trophy in November.

BACKGAMMON in LONDON



5, 6, 7 September

Mike Main, formerly of the Backpacker Trophy is now sponsoring his new venture, Backgammon in London. The knockout format offers the usual four elements plus extras to be announced during the event. Mike is holding satellite events (details via www.backgammoninlondon.com) offering players the opportunity to attend for only a fiver! If you're not able to qualify via BiL then book your accommodation soonest - and it's being held at Hinckley, not Daventry!

What is? How Does? What are?

I have come to realise that many of our newer members don't necessarily understand what a lot of the tables and listings shown in Tournament Results actually mean. To help them understand, here's an explanation:

What are Grand Prix Points?

Our Biba Grand Prix Championship is comprised of two sections - Swiss format and Knockouts - being decided over a series of Grand Prix tournaments (all formats) in which players gain points towards an annual total based upon match wins. Grand Prix points are points awarded to round winners of all 11-, 7-, 5- and 3-point matches in Biba events or non-Biba events recognised as GP events. Your six best positions are used to decide your eventual score; so, if you are in the points more than six times the better scores will replace the poorer ones. At the end of the Grand Prix season all points are reset to zero. I shan't go into the points structure here but if you want to see them look on the Biba web site here: www.backgammon-biba.co.uk/FormatProposal.htm

There is no minimum tournament entry required but obviously the more tournaments you enter the greater your points total will be. At the end of the year the Biba Championship winners will be the players with the greatest points total. Should two or more players share this total then it shall be decided using 2, 3 or 4 decimal places.

What is the Ranking Championship?

All members start with a ranking of around 1640 and this is adjusted according to wins/losses during tournaments. All matches in the tournaments are ranked except 3-pointers. To qualify for the Ranking Championship a player has to play a minimum of 14, 11-point matches in a year (if you play more than 14, lower scores will be replaced by higher ones) and an average is worked out, the champion being the player with the best average. Scores are decided by adding 500 points to an opponents' Ranking Score if you win or by deducting 500 points if you lose. This system allows everyone to have a chance at becoming the champion. It is slightly biased towards the lower ranked players for their wins will often be against higher ranked players. This means that the higher ranked players have to win far more games against their high-ranked peers than against the lower-ranked players.

What are the UK Finals?

In eight designated tournaments throughout the year (Bright 'n' Breezy, Jarvis, British International, British Open, County Cups, Studio Anne Carlton, Irish Open, Townharbour) the winner is entered into the last 16 of the Main, and gets one nights' free accommodation to the UK Finals held in December of that year. In the event of the 1st player being unable to attend then the place will be given to the 2nd player. If that 2nd player has qualified in their own right or is unable to take up the position, then no-one will replace the missing player and the position will be taken up by an extra qualifier from the Saturday Main Qualifer tournament. Any player being 1st more than once will be given one bye in the Main Finals and any subsequent positions taken up by a Saturday qualifier. Players that have not pre-qualified by winning one of the eight events mentioned above can enter a qualifying tournament on the first day (Saturday) of the Finals weekend. From this qualifying event a minimum of eight players will join the pre-qualifiers to make a Main entry of 16 players.

What is the Friday 500?

It is a 5-point Knockout based over 11 tournaments, the final winner of which will take home from the December, Gilbertson UK Finals the princely sum of £500. All players get 4 points for entering. This is increased to 7 for last 16 losers, 9 for last 8, 12 for semi-final losers, and finally 16 and 20 for 2nd and 1st respectively. This method of awarding points means that it could be possible to gain enough points to qualify by attending on a regular basis ($11 \times 4 = 44$ points). At the same time it means that coming just once or twice throughout the year and winning or placing in the last 8 won't guarantee a place. This system also means that should the turnout be fewer than 16 (but greater than 8), the 1st Round losers will in fact get 7 points, and for fields of 8 and fewer, the 1st Round losers will get 9 points. Just how many entrants each event will attract is unknown - so it might well be worthwhile entering just in case the number of entrants is fewer than 16! Can you afford not to enter?

The top placed player after the November event (the last event of the year before the December Finals) will receive £100 for being the Top Player. The December draw will be 1st vs 16th, 2nd vs 15th, etc, etc. If fewer than 16 entrants turn up in December players from 17th upwards will be allowed to enter should they be present. A failure to get a 16-draw will mean byes will be applied, and these will be allocated from 1st position downwards until filled.

How Does The Poker Grand Prix Work?

The poker grand prix functions as the backgammon grand prix inasmuch as the leader after the November event will be the Poker Grand Prix Champion and the prize money accrued over the year will be paid out according to the listing to the Top Five placed players thus: 1st 40%, 2nd 25%, 3rd 20%, 4th 10% and 5th 5%. To encourage (and reward) regular entry the qualifying minimum number of events needed to qualify for a Top Five place will be five (out of a possible 11). Once a player reaches five entries they can replace lower scores with higher ones. Players making the final 8 at each event will get bonus points of 3 to 10 for position 8th to 1st. Thus in a 16-player tourney the last-placed person scores 1 point, second to last 2 points, third to last 3 points and so on until we reach 8th place where the bonus kicks in and 8th place gets 12 points and 9th 8 points. It is recognised that making the 'final' table is an achievement and is therefore rewarded by the points allocation.

	Tournament Results									
The Partouche English Open, 6, 7, 8 June, 2008										
Main (ance (32)	р , -	, , , , , , ,	Team (
1	Peter Bennet		1	Brian Lev	er		1		Ieidenfeld	
2	David Motley		2	Mardi Oh			2	Sue Ke		
3&4	Mike Heard		3&4	Rosey Ber	nsley					
3&4	Stewart Pemberton		3&4	George M			Friday	500 (24)		
5to8	Cecilia Sparke		5to8	Julian Fet			1		Ohannessian	
5to8	Zoe Cunningham		5to8	Ann Pock			2	Ed Tur		
5to8	Paul Plumptre		5to8	Tom Dugg			3&4	Nicky		
5to8	Dorothy Lee		5to8	Paul Gilbe	ertson		3&4 5to8	Andy I		
Consol	ation (55)	,	The Gr	ammy (32)			5to8		Wignall ilbertson	
1	Chris Ternel		1	Peter Edw			5to8		t Pemberton	
2	Roland Herrera		2	Gerry Ens			5to8	Mike N		
3&4	Uldis Lapikens		3&4	Jon Barne						
3&4	Dorothy Lee		3&4	Mike Mai	n		Poker	(15)		
5to8	Jeff Barber		5to8	Mick Vac	-		1		Pemberton	
5to8	Michael Bennett		5to8	Ed Turner			2		Stebbing	
5to8	Kevin Stebbing		5to8	David Nat			3		etta Herrera	
5to8	Zoe Cunningham		5to8	Cecilia Sp	агке		4 5	Tony F	Wignall	
							6		ilbertson	
Rankin	g Changes @ Englis	h Open:	1624	1650	Peter Edw		7	Gaz O		
Now	Old		1621	1650	Garry Smi		8		acarey	
New 1995	2022 Julian Fetter	lein	1607	1599	Jon Barne	_	1517	1.400	D 1 D1 4	
1925	1908 Brian Lever	CIII	1604 1604	1629 1568	Edwin Tur Roland He		1517 1489	1490 1510	Paul Plumptre Neil Everitt	
1905	1928 Ray Tannen		1600	1588	Jeff Barbe		1482	1482	Larry Bennet	
1870	1796 Peter Bennet		1599	1538	Stuart Pen		1475	1495	Gaz Owen	
1857	1866 Mark Heider	nfeld	1593	1620	Raymond		1473	1488	Ian Trow	
1853	1848 Adrian Jones		1588	1604	John Redo		1472	1473	Richard Holness	
1851	1819 Uldis Lapike	ens	1577	1583	Mardi Oh		1471	1501	Simonetta Barone	
1827	1781 Chris Ternel		1573	1576	George M		1471	1502	Eamon Keogh	
1810 1805	1814 Rachel Rhod 1840 David Natha		1565	1577	Eddie Bar		1459	1471	Cynthia Roberts	
1793	1797 Ann Pocknel		1565 1559	1547 1532	Dorothy L		1455	1465	Myke Wignall	
1784	1751 Mike Heard	.1	1546	1519	Cecilia Sp Michael B		1441 1432	1462 1445	Arthur Wright Mike Main	
1755	1746 Kevin Stebb	ing	1543	1571	Andrew D		1409	1443	Phil Tutchings	
1754	1780 Tom Duggar		1542	1552	Dave Mod		1396	1423	Linda Taylor	
1721	1724 Paul Gilberts		1539	1505	Zoe Cunn		1381	1370	Mick Vacarey	
1697	1696 Nicky Check		1536	1556	Gerry Ens		1348	1356	Paul Barwick	
1660	1601 David Motle		1529	1538	Sue Keebl		1336	1325	Vicky Pemberton	
1653 1649	1650 David Phillip1630 Peter Chan	os	1529	1535	Sean Will		1333	1326	Rosey Bensley	
1049	1030 Feter Chair		1525	1519	Neil Davi	dson				
	Grand Prix @ 1	English Op	en:		4.13	Phil Tutchin		2.58	Ian Trow	
24.55	D . D .	6.10			4.13	Vicky Pemb		2.58	Gaz Owen	
24.77	Peter Bennet		Adrian J		4.13	Larry Benn		2.57	Julian Fetterlein	
18.58 13.42	David Motley Mike Heard		Dorothy	Bennett	4.13	Dave Moon		2.57	Tom Duggan	
13.42	Stuart Pemberton		David P		4.12 4.12	Paul Gilber Mark Heide		2.06	Raymond Kershaw Edwin Turner	
13.41	Chris Ternel			hannessian		Sean Willia		2.06	Arthur Wright	
9.29	Zoe Cunningham		Peter Ed		4.12	Cynthia Ro		2.05	David Nathan	
9.29	Paul Plumptre		Paul Ba		4.11	Rosey Bens		1.55	Simonetta Barone	
9.29	Cecilia Sparke		Ray Tan		4.11	George Mil	tiadou	1.55	Eamon Keogh	
9.28	Uldis Lapikens		Kevin S	_	4.10	Gerry Ensli				
9.28	Jeff Barber		Jon Barı		2.58	Mike Main		CA	c E	
9.28	Roland Herrera		Myke W		2.58	Eddie Bark			A P	
9.27 6.19	Brian Lever Peter Chan		Neil Da [.] Ann Poo		2.58	Richard Ho			ORTOHOUS -	
6.19	Nicky Check		Sue Kee		2.58 2.58	Neil Everitt John Reddi			i i de la	
6.19	Rachel Rhodes		Mick Va		$\frac{2.38}{2.58}$	Linda Taylo		G	MMON	
0.17					2.30	Linua Taylo	/1	0	AMMON	

	The Keren Di Bona Memorial Trophy 4, 5, 6, July 2008									
Main (22)		Last C	Last Chance (16)			Piphit	Piphit (4)		
1	Peter Bennet		1	Steve F	Rimmer		1	Cedric		
2	Martin Barkwill		2 3&4		d Holness		2	Gerry I	Enslin	
3&4 3&4	Philip Tutchings Myke Wignall		3&4 3&4	3			Friday	500 (10)		
5to8	Nicky Check		3664	Cidis L	арткопз		1	Ray Ta		
5to8	Tom Duggan		Bona o	f Conten	tion (16)		2	Gerry I		
5to8	Paul Gilbertson		1		Wrinch		3&4		Wignall	
5to8	David Motley		2		Wignall		3&4		Fetterlein	
Consol	ation (18)		3&4 3&4	Nicky (Tony F			5to8 5to8	David l Jeff Ba		
1	Julian Fetterlein		3664	Tony 1	awcctt		5to8	Tom D		
2	Paul Gilbertson		Poker ((5)			5to8	Tony F		
3&4	Tom Duggan		1	John H	_					
3&4	Jeff Barber		2		Barkwill					
5to8 5to8	Nicky Check Marcus Wrinch		3 4	Tony F	awcett Wignall					
5to8	Uldis Lapikens		5		ilbertson					
5to8	David Motley									
Rankir	ng Changes @ KdB:		1 4-11	151	a:		1 1565	1		
New	Old		1719 1719	1711 1721	Steve Rim Paul Gilbe		1568 1519	1573 1526	John Hedge Marcus Wrinch	
2017	1995 Julian Fetter	lein	1699	1697	Nicky Che		1519	1526	Gerry Enslin	
1916	1870 Peter Benner		1677	1635	Martin Ba		1492	1517	Paul Plumptre	
1882	1905 Ray Tannen		1655	1660	David Mo	tley	1481	1455	Myke Wignall	
1842	1851 Uldis Lapike		1607	1600	Jeff Barbe		1481	1472	Richard Holness	
1783 1745	1805 David Natha 1754 Tom Duggar		1591	1615	Tony Faw		1454	1409	Phil Tutchings	
1/43	1754 Tom Duggar	11	1 1588	1610	Mike Barr	ett	1367	1379	Cedric Lytton	
Grand	Prix @ KdB:	6.19	Nicky Che		4.13	Richard Ho	lness	2.58	Tony Fawcett	
13.42	Peter Bennet	6.19	Myke Wig		4.13	John Hedge		2.58	Paul Plumptre	
13.42	Martin Barkwill	4.13 4.13	Jeff Barbe		4.12 4.12	Uldis Lapil Cedric Lytt		2.58	Mike Barrett	
13.41 9.29	Julian Fetterlein Phil Tutchings	4.13	David Mo Paul Gilbe		4.12	Marcus Wr		1.33	Gerry Enslin	
9.28	Steve Rimmer	4.13	Tom Dugg		2.58	Ray Tanner		ı		
	(Grand P	rix Cham	npionsk	nin July 2	2008 (6.19	and ahov	ve)		
66.53	Uldis Lapikens	29.92	Jon Barne	•	15.46	Roland He		9.29	Sean Casey	
60.88	Peter Bennet	27.86	Mick Vac		15.45	Michael Be		9.29	Zoe Cunningham	
54.70	Mike Heard	27.83	Marcus W		14.42	Rosey Ben		9.29	Howard Furr-Barton	
54.17	Ray Tannen	27.32	Dorothy L		13.93	Lawrence 1		9.29	Richard Holness	
51.04	Rachel Rhodes	26.77	Brian Lev		13.42	Arthur Mus		9.28	Steve Rimmer	
48.51 44.89	Tony Fawcett Stuart Pemberton	26.26 25.26	Mardi Oha Julian Fett		13.42 13.42	Neil David David Bark		9.27 8.26	Simon K Jones Vicky Pemberton	
42.84	Myke Wignall	23.21	Paul Barw		13.41	John Wrigh		8.24	Cynthia Roberts	
40.21	Adrian Jones	21.67	Martin Ba		13.40	Angela De		7.74	Neil Webb	
39.22	Ann Pocknell	19.61	Raymond			Philip Virs		6.71	Neil Everitt	
38.70	Paul Gilbertson	19.61	Kevin Ste		12.38	Stephen Di		6.71	Gaz Owen	
38.70 37.66	Chris Ternel Jeff Barber	19.61 19.61	Dave Trea		12.38 12.38	Vicky Char Larry Benr		6.70	Eddie Barker	
37.65	David Motley	19.01	Phil Tutch Irving Cze			Nigel Merr		6.19	Peter Snape Liz Perry	
36.63	John Reddington	18.58	Roy Holla		11.86	Paul Watts		6.19	Mark Dixon	
36.61	Edwin Turner	18.58	Mike Han	son	10.84	Bill Spiers		6.19	Mick Butterfield	
36.12	Mark Heidenfeld	18.57	Bill Youn		10.82	Linda Tayl		6.19	Andrew Darby	
35.59 35.09	Tom Duggan	18.56 18.04	Michel La		10.32 10.31	Stuart Man		6.19	John Batty David Horner	
35.09	John Hedge David Nathan	18.04	Crispin Do		10.31	Fak Laight Sue Keeble		6.19	Chris Purchase	
32.47	Nicky Check	17.54	Rida Hass		10.31	Jonathan P		6.19	Lars Justsen	
31.99	Peter Chan	16.00	Paul Plum	ptre	10.30	George Mi	ltiadou	6.19	Walter Busato	
31.95	Gerry Enslin	15.48	Ralph Esk		9.78	George Ha	11	6.19	Max Limb	
31.44	Arthur Wright	15.48	Ian David		9.29	Ian Tarr				
30.44	Peter Christmas	15.48	Cecilia Sp	агке	1 9.29	Raj Jansari				

Ranking Championship, July 2008										
played / points / player (played 6 or higher. Q = Qualifier)										
Q 2183.	43 Peter Bennet	Q 155	50.71	Paul Barwick	9	1295.00	Linda Taylor			
Q 2067.	93 Uldis Lapikens	Q 152	20.29	Mardi Ohannessian	8	1941.63	Mark Heidenfeld			
Q 2061.	93 Stewart Pemberton	Q 122	25.71	Vicky Pemberton	8	1815.00	Ray Kershaw			
Q 2028.	29 Mike Heard	13 17	14.54	Peter Chan	8	1756.38	Martin Barkwill			
Q 2003.	93 Tony Fawcett	13 163	35.85	Marcus Wrinch	8	1660.63	Ian Davidson			
Q 1959.	43 David Nathan	13 154	43.77	Rachel Rhodes	8	1648.63	John Reddington			
Q 1957.	29 Myke Wignall	12 186	62.92	Ann Pocknell	8	1316.13	Paul Watts			
Q 1909.	29 Adrian Jones	12 17	13.25	Ray Tannen	8	1253.50	Fak Laight			
Q 1888.	57 Paul Gilbertson	11 180	01.55	John Hedge	7	1923.57	Cecilia Sparke			
Q 1820.	QDavid Motley	11 174	46.00	Kevin Stebbing	7	1904.29	Phil Tutchings			
Q 1801.	43 Chris Ternel	11 173	38.45	Dave Treacy	7	1879.29	Dave Moon			
Q 1790.	36 Nicky Check	11 162	22.36	Tom Duggan	7	1806.57	Roy Hollands			
Q 1779.	86 Jeff Barber	11 160	03.36	Paul Plumptre	7	1641.00	Johnathan Powell			
Q 1771.	57 Gerry Enslin	10 138	87.40	Crispin Duke	7	1632.86	Lawrence Powell			
Q 1726.	21 Mick Vacarey	10 127	79.60	Arthur Wright	7	1491.71	Dorothy Lee			
Q 1694.	64 Ed Turner	9 157	79.44	Stephen Drake	7	1269.29	Vicky Chandler			
Q 1677.	43 Peter Christmas	9 153	34.67	Larry Bennett	6	1795.17	Neil Davidson			
Q 1619.	36 Jon Barnes	9 218	83.43	Rosey Bensley	6	1766.50	William Spiers			

PRIZE FUND PAYOUTS

So, what can the players in the Friday 500 and the Poker Grand Prix hope to win when they've completed the November events? Well, as the title implies, they can win £500 for being the winner of the 16 player play-off in the December, Friday 500; and the No.1 player following the November 500 event will pick up £100 for being at the top of the list.

In the Poker the Top Five players are paid out a percentage of the total pot after completion of the November event. Currently the pot stands at £594 and is paying: £237.60 £148.50, £118.80, £59.40, £29.70

Grand Prix	Prize	Ranking
Uldis Lapikens	£247.80	Peter Bennet
Peter Bennet	£177.00	Uldis Lapikens
Mike Heard	£141.60	Stewart Pemberton
Ray Tannen	£106.20	Mike Heard
Rachel Rhodes	£70.80	Tony Fawcett
Tony Fawcett	£53.10	David Nathan
Stuart Pemberton	£35.40	Myke Wignall
Myke Wignall	£17.70	Adrian Jones
Adrian Jones	£17.70	Paul Gilbertson
Ann Pocknell	£17.70	David Motley

In the Grand Prix and Ranking Championships the Top 10 players in each will get a percentage of the total fund. At the moment (July) the fund stands at £1770. This will be increased monthly including November and will be paid out in January at the Bright 'n' Breezy tournament.

It can be seen that many of the players will be getting a double share, one from each Championship. At the moment Uldis and Pe-

ter have £424.80 each - a good payout and a nice New Year present if they continue to hold onto their top spots!

With four more events to come (Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.) there's plenty of time for all these positions to alter. The most volatile is the Grand Prix, the reason being that Liverpool, the Mind Sports Olympiad and the Irish Open are all Biba Grand Prix events! So, don't despair, enter the forthcoming events and see if you can get a nice Christmas or New Year pay packet!

Enid	ay 500 Positions - July	12	William Spiers	4	David Motley
Frid	dy 500 Positions - July	11	Arthur Wright	4	Garry Smith
75	Nicky Check	11	Brian Lever	4	Geoff Conn
65	Myke Wignall	11	Jerry Limb	4	Irving Czechowicz
54	Mardi Ohannessian	11	John Reddington	4	John Hurst
50	Ray Tannen	11	Sue Keeble	4	Julian Minwalla
47	Paul Gilbertson	9	Ann Pocknell	4	Lewis Young
47	Stewart Pemberton	9	Brian Metcalf	4	Linda Taylor
46	Vicki Pemberton	9	David McNamara	4	Marc Turner
45	Gerry Enslin	9	Max Limb	4	Mark Dixon
45	David Nathan	9	Mike Main	4	Matthew Fisher
45	Ed Turner	9	Neil Webb	4	Michel Lamote
42	Jeff Barber	8	Dorothy Lee	4	Neil Young
41	Rosey Bensley	8	Marcus Wrinch	4	Paul Learmount
36	Tom Duggan	8	Roland Herrera	4	Peter Bennet
36	Tony Fawcett	7	Cedric Lytton	4	Philip Vischjager
35	Julian Fetterlein	7	Cynthia Roberts	4	Rachel Rhodes
26	Paul Watts	7	Daniel Tutching	4	Raj Jansari
Top :	16 players above here	7	Fak Laight	4	Ray Kershaw
24	Paul Barwick	7	Gaz Owen	4	Richard Biddle
23	Nigel Merrigan	7	George Hall	4	Robert Tutching
19	Andy Darby	7	Kevin Stebbing	4	Roy Hollands
18	John Hedge	7	Mike Ireland	4	Simon Barget
16	Crispin Duke	7	Phil Tutchings	4	Simonetta Herrera
16	Martin Barkwill	7	Tony Lee	4	Stephen Drake
16	Rida Hassan	4	Adrian Jones	4	Sue Metcalf
12	Mike Waid	4	Cecilia Sparke	4	Tony Walters
12	Peter Christmas	4	Chris Ternel		
12	Ralph Eskinazi	4	Costas Costi		

		10.	Pts	Ents	Player	Pts	Ents	Player
Poke	er Gran	d Prix - July	24	2	Rida Hassan	10	1	Ray Fard
Pts	Ents	Player	24	1	Alison Lee	7	1	Marc Turner
99	Q	Paul Gilbertson	23	1	John Spraque	7	1	Steve Pettit
88	Q	Tony Fawcett	22	2	Nigel Merrigan	6	1	Neil Young
87	Q	Vicky Pemberton	22	1	Tony Lee	5	1	Andreas Vrhosek
81	Q	Myke Wignall	21	2	Cecilia Sparke	4	1	Max Limb
29	Q	Rosey Bensley	21	1	Dave Moon	4	1	Michael Benett
69	3	Kevin Stebbing	21	1	Simonetta Herrera	4	1	Neil Davidson
66	3	Paul Watts	20	1	Blaine Buchanan	3	2	Andy Darby
60	3	Lawrence Powell	19	1	Mark Dixon	3	1	John Hurst
53	3	Ann Pocknell	17	2	Gaz Owen	3	1	Mick Butterfield
50	3	Crispin Duke	17	1	Carter Mattig	3	1	Cora Gilbertson
42	1	Steve Hallett	15	1	John Hedge	2	1	Andy Bell
40	1	Jon Sharp	14	1	Mo Vafaei	2	1	Costas Costi
37	2	Roy Hollands	13	1	Martin Barkwill	2	1	Phil Tutchings
34	1	Felix Vink	13	1	David McNamara	1	1	Larry Bennett
33	4	Mick Vacarey	13	1	Jacky Hamilton			
32	1	Philip Vischjager	12	1	Daniel Tutchings	There's still plenty of time for		
31	3	Stewart Pemberton	12	1	Ralph Eskinazi	many players to usurp the Top 5.		
28	2	Jerry Limb	12	1	Stephen Drake	Now that they have played five		
28	1	Paul Learmount	11	1	Robert Tutchings	events they can only replace		
26	1	John Batty	10	2	Eamon Keogh	worse scores with better ones.		



Grand BACKGAMMON Circuit - 2008





www.partouchegammon.com

Cannes - Palm Beach Casino: February 14/17 Paris Master & Open 9: Lyon - Casino Le Lyon Vert: F Juan-les-Pins - Eden Casino: May 29/June 01 Casino Forges-les-Eaux: J Cannes - Palm Beach Casino - WSOB**: July 15/20 Pasino Aix-en-Provence: September 18/2

Divonne-les-Bains - Casino Grand Domaine de Divonne: October 22/20

Information and early registration: www.partouchegammon.com